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Island Sets Weekend Celebration

North Haven Dinghy, Symbol Of Yachting's Golden Age

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NORTH HAVEN - The venerable North Haven Dinghy, a shining example of the Golden Age of Yachting, holds its 100th birthday celebration in its home waters this Saturday.

Marine buffs agree that the North Haven Dinghy earned its berth in sailing's record books by establishing the One-Design Class of sailboat racing. That is, all boats are built to the same specifications, making the skipper's skills the determining factor in a race, not the gadgetry of the boat.

The Aug. 15 birthday celebration in-

cludes a boat parade off the town landing, followed by five informal races. The afternoon's celebrations end at 5 p.m. with prizes and tea at the Casino, the central building of the North Haven Yacht Club.

The North Haven Dinghy is steeped in maritime history. By 1885, the 141/2 foot dinghy was racing in the crisp waters off its namesake, making it the oldest active sailing class in the country, and probably the world. The Water Wag of Dublin, Ireland, came into existence in 1887 and compares in many ways with the North Haven Dinghy. However, the Water Wag no longer exists, and although the Dinghy has fallen from its traditional role as the vessel on which the summer colony's sailing youth cut its teeth, the longestablished Monday and Saturday races in the Fox Island Thorofare continue each year.

There are probably 30 or so Dinghies in existence today, acording to long-time enthusiast George Lewis, who, as a child, more than 50 years ago, recalls maneuvering his gaff-rigged classic off the shores of his family's summer home. In 1975 Lewis and the late Richard Saltonstall were responsible for taking the dinghy's lines, set down on paper in December 1919 by Boston Naval Architect John G. Alden, and having a mold made to produce fiberglass hulls. This became necessary because the original wooden boats were deteriorating and the cost of building new Dinghies from wood was prohibitive.

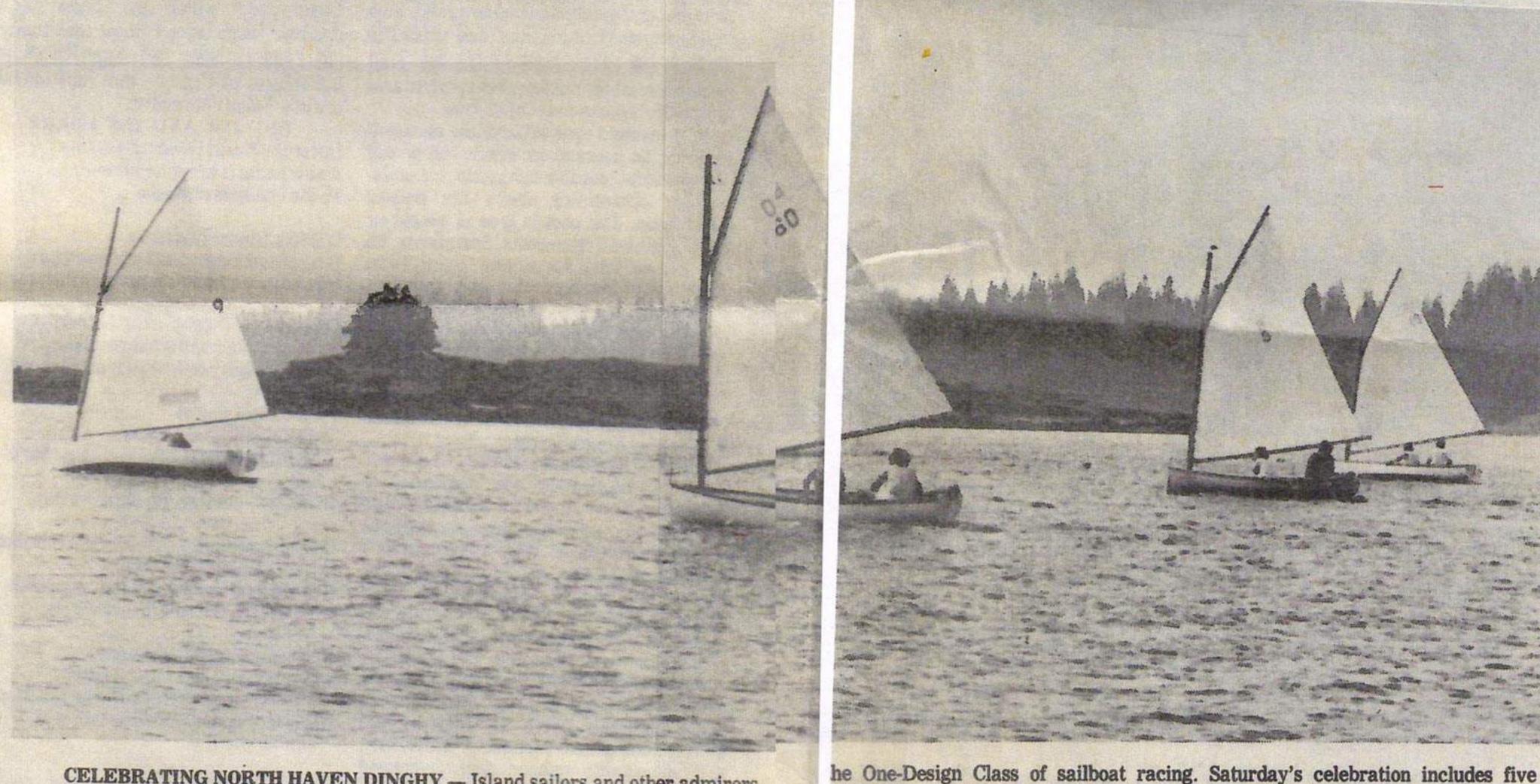
The origin of the dinghy parallels the origin of the island's summer colony, whose beginnings are credited to the 1883 season.

According to an account in "Sail and Oar" by John Leather, summer homes began to dot the shores of the Thorofare at about that time, and as recreation the wealthy familes sailed their yacht tenders among the islands and ledges, occasionally informally racing some of the small local

Island carpeter Henry Calderwood built two spritsail-rigged dinghies in an attempt to best the challenge of the "rusticators."

According to Leather, "Racing reputedly stemmed from a challenge issued by William F. Weld, owner of the yacht Gitana and a summer visitor to the islands with a home at Iron Point, for anyone to sail against a dinghy he carried on board. It was accepted and Weld lost, but the following summer, 1884, he had a new dinghy which won all the local races."

The excitement was apparently too



CELEBRATING NORTH HAVEN DINGHY - Island sailors and other admirers of boats will take part in special observances Saturday on North Haven marking the 100th birthday of the North Haven Dinghy, a craft that is credited with establishing

much, and it was catching.

Dr. Charles G. Weld had the lines taken off his brother's new dinghy, and contracted with North Haven Boat builder J.O. Brown to have four boats constructed during the winter of 1884-1885.

The dingy Elfin, built by Brown, apparently established the template for what followed. Until that time the spritsail rig was used. Elfin adopted the single gaff sail on a mast stepped well forward (cat rig) and the hull freeboard was slightly increased, Leather notes.

Not only did this establish the first North American One-Design Class, but adding to the flavor of the dinghy's stock is the fact that the first formal race was won by a woman, Miss Ellen Hayward.

In her "Early One-Design Sailboats," Diane Eames Esterly describes the Grand Dinghy Race of August 1887: "To the chagrin of the two male competitors, Dr. Weld in Tucker Daland's T.D. and Charles K. Cobb in an unnamed dinghy, the race was won by a woman, Miss Ellen Hayward, in Guffin, owned by Alfred Bowditch. Apparently Dr. Weld and Mr. Cobb engaged in a luffing match while the inexperienced Miss Hayward won the race. In the grandiloquent manner of the day, the popular Miss Hayward was presented a "diamond brooch," (some accounts say it was a sloop named Wayward)."

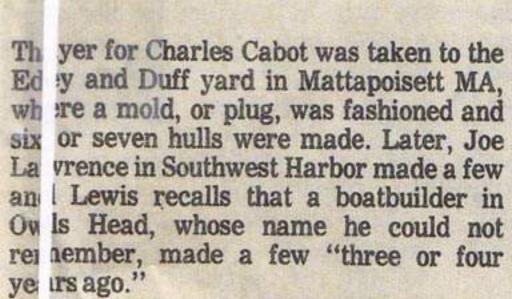
In 1919 Naval Architect Alden was commissioned to take the lines off the dinghy Kidozo and draft a set of construc-

tion plans, which were revised 10 years later. These drawings show an overall length of 14 feet 51/2 inches, a beam of 4 feet 11 inches, a draft of 13 1/2 inches with the centerboard up, and 3 feet 10 inches with it down. Six pounds of lead are attached to the centerboard, and 350 pounds of ballast are stowed in the bottom of the boat to aid in stability. Three air tanks are included as flotation in the event of a capsize. The wood dinghies are planked in 1/2 inch cedar on oak frames, 8 inches on center. The keel, garboards, skeg, stem, centerboard, gunwales and thwart risings are of oak and the fastenings are copper rivets on burrs. The dinghy carries 118 sq. feet of sail, and has two reef points located per order of the race committee; battens are forbidden by rule. Alden's office proposed a Marconi rig but this was rejected.

In the 1920s and 1930s the dinghies were so numerous that the class was divided into two sections.

have been built at the Brown yard and also by Edwin Thayer, son of a boatbuilder who in centive for family involvement. built many of the dinghies at Brown's yard.

Lewis and Saltonstall began thinking about making the fiberglass hulls around 1973 as a way to preserve the fleet, Lewis said last week. He explained that time was legarning tool faded about six years ago, he taking its toll on the original boats, some salys. well into their 70's at the time. Twelve years ago there were numerous nonbelievers in fiberglass' longevity but the pair persisted. A wooden boat built by Bud



We have a plug here when we want sor ne more," Lewis said. "The fiberglass dir ghy was about \$4,250, but we haven't be en building any more in the past few ye ars. The market is just in the people he re. It's just an old fashioned boat."

Lewis' records show there are 21 fiberass, and 12 wooden dinghies in existence. The sun appears to have set on the diraghy's heyday, but the classic little boat

en dures the test of time. Probably the boat's greatest use was as a flooating sailing school, mostly for the ch ildren of the "summer people." It was Since the 1960s a few wooden dinghies en couraged that families provided the bo ats, rather than the yacht club, as an

> Lewis' involvement dates back at least 50 ve ears," and the kids were sailing in them be efore then," he recalls.

Unfortunately, the use of the dinghy as a

"People have motor boats now," he offfers, "things are less competitive." "Kids have to start with something snmall," he continues, "now they're using

the Optimist or a small pram."

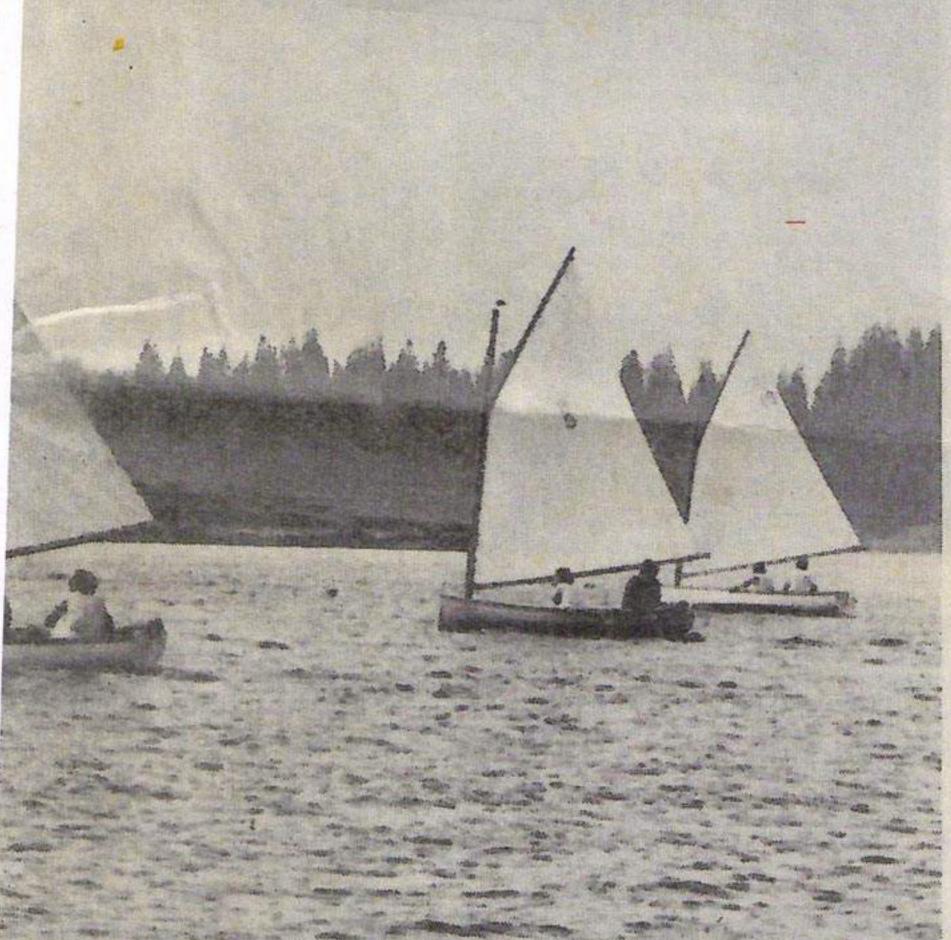
Looking out his window he counted 10 Optimists zipping about in front of the Casino wharf. "I can see them now."

"The 420 is an International Class," he says "Most colleges race them and they're fun to learn in. You make spinnaker changes and so forth. The dinghy doesn't provide this. It's just an old fashioned boat. It's a class only in this area, it hasn't expanded."

"It's always been informal, I don't want to make too much ballyhoo about this," he says. "I'd like to keep Maine the way it has







nformal races and a parade of the classic dinghys off the town landing.